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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/787,844	08/06/2001	Shujath M. Ali	DEX-0176	7509
32800	7590	05/18/2007		
LICATA & TYRRELL P.C. 66 E. MAIN STREET MARLTON, NJ 08053			EXAMINER YU, MISOOK	
			ART UNIT 1642	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 05/18/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/787,844

Applicant(s)

ALI ET AL.

Examiner

MISOOK YU, Ph.D.

Art Unit

1642

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

## Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 February 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 8, 9, 14, 15, 18, 19, 23, 24 and 26 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 8, 9, 14, 15, 18, 19, 23, 24, 26-24 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

## Attachment(s)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>02/24/07</u> | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114***

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 2/27/2007 has been entered.

Claims 8, 9, 14, 15, 18, 19, 23, 24, 26-24 are pending and examined on merits.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, Maintained***

Claims 8, 9, 14, 15, 18, 19, 23, 24, 26-24 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The nature of the invention as drawn to a method of imaging of a gynecologic cancer using an monoclonal or polyclonal antibody which specifically binds to a protein expressed by SEQ ID NO: 1 (base claim 8), wherein said antibody is labeled (claim 9), or method of delivering a derivatized antibody to a gynecologic cancer cell (claims 14, and 15) or gynecological tumor in vivo (claims 18 and 19), wherein claims 23, 24, 26, 27 characterizes that the protein of the base claims to be protease with active domains, wherein claims 28-45 specifies various gynecologic cancer.

Applicant argues that the invention is drawn to the identification of the cancer specific gene, Pro104, defined at page 4 of the specification to refer to the native protein expressed by SEQ ID NO: 1, being a diagnostic marker for gynecologic cancer marker and that antibodies thereto can be used in imaging gynecologic cancer. Applicant further argues MPEP 2164.05(a) states that the specification need not disclose what is well known to those skilled in the art, and preferably omits that which is well known to those skilled in the art and already available to the public. As made clear in Applicants' last response, the methods and means for identifying the ORF and native protein expressed by a nucleic acid sequence, such as SEQ ID NO:1, were well known to those skilled in the art as of the filing date of the instant application and therefore need not be presented in the specification as originally filed

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but found unpersuasive. First, applicant's argument with MPEP 2164(a) is not germane to the instant situation because nothing is known about "the native protein expressed by SEQ ID NO: 1". As the prosecution history indicates, the specification reasonably communicates that the native protein expressed by SEQ ID NO: 1 is "Pro104", which is the instant SEQ ID NO: 2 protein. See the Office action mailed on 04/21/2004, and applicant's subsequent response. The specification as originally filed does not reasonably communicates that the protein known in the art, as "testisin" is same as the instantly claimed Pro104. The previously provided sequence alignment aligning the instant SEQ ID NO: 2 against what is the protein known as testisin in the art (Exhibit A) demonstrate that instant SEQ ID NO: 2 is not same as testisin. Therefore, what is known in the art (for example, Tang et

al., and Papkoff et al., of record) is not germane to the analysis of enablement of the instantly claimed invention. Papkoff et al., do not establish whether Pro104 is same as the instant SEQ ID NO:2. In fact, one of the figure in the poster, top in the 2<sup>nd</sup> column appears to indicate that Pro104 in Papkoff et al., is testisin, not instant SEQ ID NO:2. In addition, Papkoff et al., do not establish that whether one could image gynecologic cancers using polyclonal or monoclonal antibody specifically binding to the instant SEQ ID NO:2 encoded by instant SEQ ID NO:1. Papkoff et al., teach that detection of overexpression of Pro104 (testisin) in ovarian cancer tissue samples as compared to normal ovarian tissue.

As stated before in the two previous Office actions, Aloj et al., (2002, Biopolymers. Vol. 66, pages 370-80) teach that in order to target specific molecules inside the body using radiopharmaceuticals such as a radioisotope-labeled antibody, several parameters have to be considered: (1) the target protein should be over-expressed in cancer to be imaged; (2) a radiopharmaceutical should be tested to see whether said radiopharmaceutical specifically binds to the in vivo target *in vivo*; (3) how the unbound radiopharmaceutical is cleared for minimizing unwanted high background (note the abstract, and pages 372-373). The instant specification has failed to teach with a reasonable certainty that the protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:1 is a gynecologic cancer antigen while the art (see Hooper et al., above) suggests that the protein encoded by SEQ ID NO:1 is a tumor suppressor. Low et al., (1995, Radiology, vol. 195, pages 391-400) also teach that in order to image an ovarian cancer (a species of a gynecologic cancer), selection of an antibody that specially binds to an ovarian cancer-

associated antigen, is the first necessary step (see page 391 middle column; the authors selected an antibody targeting Tag-72, a previously known ovarian cancer antigen). Low et al., further teach accuracy of imaging using an antibody directed to a cancer antigen has to be evaluated against other known cancer detection methods such as histology or pathology (note page 393 under the heading "Pathologic Proof", and Table 3 at page 396). Likewise, Krag et al., (1993, Arch. Surg. Vol. 128, pages 819-23) teach method of imaging an ovarian cancer using a radio-labeled (i.e. indium 111-labeled) CYT-103 monoclonal antibody requires selection of an antibody capable of binding to an antigen that is over-expressed in an ovarian cancer (see page 820 under the heading "Patients, Materials, and Methods").

Considering the unpredictable state of art, limited guidance, no examples in the specification how to use the instantly claimed invention, broad breath of the claims, it is concluded that undue experimentation is required to practice the invention.

The rejection previously made but not repeated here is either moot or withdrawn.


### ***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MISOOK YU, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0839. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 A.M. to 5:30 P.M., every other Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shanon Foley can be reached on 571-272-0898. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

  
MISOOK YU, Ph.D.  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 1642